

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd

ABN 90 002 655 754

Annual report - 30 June 2022

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International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd
ABN 90 002 655 754
Directors' Report For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

The directors present this report on the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

Director (s)

The names of the directors in office of the company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

1. Mark. T. Beaudouin (Chair)*
2. Joyce C. Doria (Vice Chair) *
3. Barbara U. Birdsey (Vice Chair) *
4. Catherine H. Lilly *
5. Virginia A. Pollak *
6. Judi W. Wakhungu *
7. John Albrecht (Australian Resident Director) *

*Director for whole financial year.

Operating Result

The deficit for the company for the year ended 30 June 2022, after providing for income tax, amounted to \$2,003,368 (2021: \$1,403,830 deficit).

Review of Operations

The company's operations during the year performed as expected in the opinion of the directors.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

There were no significant changes in the company's state of affairs occurred during the financial year.

Principal Activities

1. International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd ("IFAW AU" or "the company") is part of a worldwide group of non-profit organisations that make up the International Fund for Animal Welfare ("IFAW"). IFAW has offices in fifteen countries and supports animal welfare and conservation projects in more than forty countries around the world.

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matters or occurrences have come to our attention up to the present time which would materially affect the financial report or disclosures therein, or which are likely to materially affect the future results or operations of the company

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd
ABN 90 002 655 754
Directors' Report For the Year Ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year (continued)

The Directors are not aware of any circumstances that have arisen since 30 June 2022 which would significantly affect:

- i. the operations of the entity in future financial years;
- ii. the results of those operations in future financial years; or
- iii. the state of affairs of the entity in future financial years.

Environmental Issues

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd. aims to achieve a high standards in environmental matters. Due to the nature of its operations, however, it is not subject to any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

Dividends

As the company is a not-for-profit organisation the directors recommended that no dividends be paid in respect of the year ended 30 June 2022 (2021:\$nil).

Auditors' independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration, as required under section 327c of the *Corporations Act 2001*, is set out on page 4.

Auditor

RSM Australia Pty. Ltd. Has been appointed auditor in office in accordance with section 327 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Insurance of Officers

As part of a contractual agreement for sharing costs, IFAW pays to insure the directors and officers of the company against general liability claims. IFAW AU's portion of such insurance, which is paid through the shared cost reimbursement, was approximately \$4,596 (2021: \$5,149).


Proceedings of Behalf of Company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

DocuSigned by:

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Mark T. Beaudouin,
Chairperson and Audit Risk
Oversight Committee Chairperson

DocuSigned by:

24D3F8A2C850444...
John Albrecht
Director

Date
15 February 2023

Date
15 February 2023

RSM Australia Partners

Level 13, 60 Castlereagh Street Sydney NSW 2000
GPO Box 5138 Sydney NSW 2001

T +61 (0) 2 8226 4500
F +61 (0) 2 8226 4501

www.rsm.com.au

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd for the year ended 30 June 2022, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the *Australian Charities and Not-For-Profits Commission Act 2012* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



RSM Australia Partners



C J HUME
Partner

Sydney, NSW

Dated: 15 February 2023

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd

Financial report - 30 June 2022

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This financial report covers International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd as an individual entity. The financial report is presented in Australian currency.

A description of the nature of the company's operations and its principal activities is included in the directors' report on pages 2 through 3, which is not part of this financial report.

The financial report was authorised for issuance by the Directors on 15 February 2023. The Directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial report.

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd
Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
Revenue from continuing operations	5	7,148,684	5,761,074
Other income	5	(160,444)	746,312
Program expenses	6	(6,217,251)	(5,352,723)
Supporting services	6	(2,774,357)	(2,558,493)
Surplus/(deficit) before income tax		<u>(2,003,368)</u>	<u>(1,403,830)</u>
Income tax expense	1 (f)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Surplus/(deficit) from continuing operations attributable to the members of IFAW (Australia) Pty Ltd		<u>(2,003,368)</u>	<u>(1,403,830)</u>
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		<u><u>(2,003,368)</u></u>	<u><u>(1,403,830)</u></u>

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd
Statement of financial position
As at 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	4,387,394	3,260,626
Trade and other receivables	8	297,740	195,772
Pledge receivable	9	20,000	-
Investments	10	3,185,430	5,710,685
Total current assets		<u>7,890,564</u>	<u>9,167,083</u>
Non-current assets			
Investment in affiliate	12	2	2
Pledge receivable	9	19,469	-
Property, plant and equipment	13	59,015	77,029
Right-of-use asset	13	501,457	610,075
Total non-current assets		<u>579,943</u>	<u>687,106</u>
Total assets		<u>8,470,507</u>	<u>9,854,189</u>
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	14	1,378,929	696,124
Employee benefit provision	14	121,618	85,503
Lease liability, current	15	106,261	99,609
Total current liabilities		<u>1,606,808</u>	<u>881,236</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liability	15	449,861	555,747
Total non-current liabilities		<u>449,861</u>	<u>555,747</u>
Total liabilities		<u>2,056,669</u>	<u>1,436,983</u>
Net assets		<u>6,413,838</u>	<u>8,417,206</u>
Equity			
Contributed equity	16	6	6
Retained profits		6,413,832	8,417,200
Total equity		<u>6,413,838</u>	<u>8,417,206</u>

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd
Statement of changes in equity
For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Contributed equity	Retained profits	Total
Balance at 30 June 2020	6	9,821,030	9,821,036
Surplus for the year	-	(1,403,830)	(1,403,830)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(1,403,830)	8,417,206
Balance at 30 June 2021	6	8,417,200	8,417,206
Defecit for the year	-	(2,003,368)	(2,003,368)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(2,003,368)	(2,003,368)
Balance at 30 June 2022	6	6,413,832	6,413,838

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd

Statement of cash flows

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Donations and bequests/subscriptions received		7,024,209	9,017,649
Payments to suppliers and employees		<u>(8,987,029)</u>	<u>(7,920,911)</u>
		(1,962,821)	1,096,738
Interest and dividends received		128,184	121,872
Net cash inflow from operating activities	20	<u>(1,834,637)</u>	<u>1,218,610</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of fixed asset additions		-	(48,128)
Cash (provided to) proceeds from investments		<u>2,236,627</u>	<u>(733,069)</u>
Net cash outflow/inflow from investing activities		<u>2,236,627</u>	<u>(781,197)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Payments for right-of-use asset lease		(99,234)	(29,476)
Payments for right-of-use asset interest		(18,410)	(5,428)
Affiliate loan advances, net	18	<u>842,422</u>	<u>242,588</u>
Net cash inflow/outflow from financing activities		<u>724,778</u>	<u>207,684</u>
Net increase in cash held		1,126,768	645,097
Cash at the beginning of the financial year		<u>3,260,626</u>	<u>2,615,529</u>
Cash at the end of the financial year	7	<u><u>4,387,394</u></u>	<u><u>3,260,626</u></u>

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2022

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International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2022

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Principle registered office in Australia

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Suite 302, Level 3, 418A Elizabeth Street

Surry Hills

Sydney, New South Wales 2010

(b) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standard Board (AASB), the Australian Charities and Not for profits Commission Act 2012 and the Corporations Act 2001 as appropriate for not for profit oriented entities.

Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with AASB requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). Refer to note 4.

(c) Segment reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different to those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments.

(d) Foreign currency translation

1. Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

2. Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2022

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(e) Donation revenue recognition

Revenue recognition under AASB 1058 – Income of Not-for-Profit Entities. Revenue recognition for revenue streams which are either not enforceable or do not have sufficiently specific performance obligations which includes donations, gifts and grants is recognised under AASB 1058.

The company receives a significant part of its revenue from donations which, by their nature, can only be recognised in the accounting books and records when they are received. Bequest and grant income is recognised when receipt of the gift is virtually certain and the value can be measured reliably.

Revenue recognition under AASB 15 – Revenue from contracts with customers

Under AASB 15 revenue is recognised when the completion of performance obligations or milestones as revenue is earned.

Grant income is recognised under AASB 15 when the grant agreement contains enforceable and sufficiently specific performance obligations is satisfied. Within some grant agreements there may be some performance obligations where control transfers at a point in time and other which have continuous transfer of control over the life of the contract.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Other revenue

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

(f) Income tax exemption

The company has income tax exemption status.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes deposits at call which are readily convertible to cash on hand and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

(h) Acquisitions of assets

The purchase method of accounting is used for all acquisitions of assets.

(i) Investments and other financial assets

Investments and other financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs are included as part of the initial measurement, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Such assets are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value depending on their classification. Classification is determined based on both the business model within which such assets are held and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset unless, an accounting mismatch is being avoided.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or have been transferred and the entity has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. When there is no reasonable expectation of recovering part or all of a financial asset, its carrying value is written off.

1. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Typically, such financial assets will be either: (i) held for trading, where they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the short-term with an intention of making a profit, or a derivative; or (ii) designated as such upon initial recognition where permitted. Fair value movements are recognised in profit or loss.

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2022

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income include equity investments which the consolidated entity intends to hold for the foreseeable future and has irrevocably elected to classify them as such upon initial recognition.

3. Impairment of financial assets

The entity recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets which are either measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. The measurement of the loss allowance depends upon the entity's assessment at the end of each reporting period as to whether the financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, based on reasonable and supportable information that is available, without undue cost or effort to obtain.

Where there has not been a significant increase in exposure to credit risk since initial recognition, a 12-month expected credit loss allowance is estimated. This represents a portion of the asset's lifetime expected credit losses that is attributable to a default event that is possible within the next 12 months. Where a financial asset has become credit impaired or where it is determined that credit risk has increased significantly, the loss allowance is based on the asset's lifetime expected credit losses. The amount of expected credit loss recognised is measured on the basis of the probability weighted present value of anticipated cash shortfalls over the life of the instrument discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the loss allowance is recognised within other comprehensive income. In all other cases, the loss allowance is recognised in profit or loss.

(j) Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is current when: it is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when: it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

(k) Impairment of assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units).

(l) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis to write off the net cost or revalued amount of each item of property, plant and equipment over its expected useful life to the company. Estimates of remaining useful lives are made on a regular basis for all assets, with annual reassessments for major items. The expected useful life of furniture and equipment, is 36-70 months.

Where items of plant and equipment have separately identifiable components which are subject to regular replacement, those components are assigned useful lives distinct from the item of plant and equipment to which they relate.

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2022

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(m) Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment, except for short-term leases and those below the company capitalisation policy are recorded as right-of-use assets in the statement of financial position. Lease liability is measured at the present value of the unavoidable future lease payments to be made over the lease term. A corresponding right-of-use asset to the capitalised lease has been recognised adjusted for lease prepayments, lease incentives received, removal or dismantling costs. Straight-line operating lease expense recognition will be replaced with a depreciation charge for the leased asset (included in operating costs) and an interest expense on the recognised lease liability (included in finance costs).

(n) Maintenance and repairs

Maintenance, repair costs and minor renewals are charged as expenses as incurred.

(o) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(p) Provisions

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

(q) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

(r) Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries and accumulating annual leave expected to be settled within twelve months of the reporting date are included in current liabilities - provisions and are measured at amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Liabilities for non-accumulating benefits such as sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and measured at the rates paid or payable.

Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the "projected unit credit method". Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yield at the reporting date on corporate bonds with periods to maturity and currency to match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash flows. Regardless of when settlement is expected to occur, liabilities for long service leave and annual leave are presented as current liabilities on the statement of financial position if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

Defined contributions superannuation expense

Contributions to employee's superannuation funds are recognised as an expense as they become payable.

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2022

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(s) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

(t) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the Company for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2022. The Company has not yet assessed the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations.

Note 2. Segment reporting

Business segments

The company operates in one industry segment being the charity sector. The principal activities are the support of animal welfare, wildlife and habitat protection.

Geographical segments

The company operates predominantly in one geographical area, being Australia.

Note 3. Financial risk management

The company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Risk management is carried out by the directors.

The company is a not-for-profit organisation that is engaged in the support for animal welfare and conservation projects. The nature of the company and its activities do not expose it to significant financial risks. As such, systems and processes used to manage financial risk reflect the extent to which the company is exposed to such risk.

The company holds the following financial instruments:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	4,387,394	3,260,626
Trade and other receivables	242,089	171,092
Investments	3,185,430	5,710,685
Investment in affiliate	2	2
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	1,378,929	696,124

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2022

Note 3. Financial risk Management (continued)

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, dealing with to the US dollar, EURO, Canadian Dollar, Zambian Kwacha and the GB pound and to a lesser de. This is managed by way of foreign exchange forward contracts. There were no foreign exchange contracts outstanding at 30 June 2022.

Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency that is not the entity’s functional currency. The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis.

The company’s exposure to foreign currency risk at the reporting date in Australian dollars was as follows:

	2022				
	USD	GBP	EUR	CAD	ZMK
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Payables to affiliates	929,193	84,164	59,972	34	11,647
	<hr/>				
	2021				
	USD	GBP	EUR		
	\$	\$	\$		
Payables to affiliates	101,434	101,154	40,000		
	<hr/>				

Company sensitivity

Based on the financial instruments held at 30 June 2022, had the Australian dollar weakened/strengthened by 10% against the US dollar, Euro, British pound, Canadian Dollar and Zambian Kwacha with all other variables being constant, the company’s gain would be \$98,000 greater / \$120,000 lower (2021 gain would be \$37,000 greater / \$45,000 lower), as illustrated in the table above. The company’s profits/losses have been most sensitive to fluctuations between the Australian dollar/US dollar given the volume of Institutional shared costs (“ISC”) paid by the company to its US affiliate.

(ii) Asset price and interest rate risk

Asset price risk is the risk that an asset’s value will negatively change due to a change in the absolute level of its market price.

Interest risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. Movements in market interest rates impact the price of the securities (and hence their fair value measurement) and so would impact profit or loss.

The company’s current exposure to asset price risk and interest rate risk on available-for-sale financial investments and is managed through the investment and reserve policies adopted by the Directors.

The company also has exposure to interest risk on cash and cash equivalents. The weighted average effective interest rate for cash and cash equivalents as at 30 June 2022 was .10% (2021: .12%). Given the company’s limited exposure to interest rate risk, management believes that interest rate fluctuations would not have a material impact on the company’s financial results and therefore a sensitivity analysis has not been performed.

(b) Credit risk

The company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. The company’s revenue consists of donations and grants and as such the company does not have material credit risk exposure to any single customer or group of customers.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets. This exposure is managed by holding cash funds with reputable financial institutions.

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2022

Note 3. Financial risk Management (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Management aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping sufficient cash and strategic reserves available. The Organisation has an Institutional Investment Policy Statement to support the goals and objectives of reserve funds detailed in the Institutional Financial Reserves Policy. The worldwide affiliated IFAW entities are financially and operationally interdependent and the policy establishes discrete funds to support specific goals and objectives for IFAW at the global level. As such, individual IFAW entities may vary with respect to nature and quantities of reserves. Financial reserves have been established as follows:

1. *Operating reserve fund* – intended to provide an internal source of funds for unseen situations
2. *Capital reserve fund*- maintained (as needed) to provide financial resources in support of capital acquisitions
3. *Strategic reserve fund* – intended to provide unrestricted financial resources to support the organization's long range strategic objectives
4. *Donor endowed fund* – maintained (as relevant) to provide financial resources to the Organization in accordance with donors' intentions

IFAW intends to maintain global operating reserves of approximately two months of operating expenditures and global strategic reserves sufficient to generate approximately 1-2% of annual budgeted expenditures.

The objectives of the strategic reserve funds are to provide IFAW AU and IFAW at the global level with investment income to support ongoing programs and operations as well as financial stability. Assets will be invested with due care, skill and diligence. The investment approach used will be that of a 'prudent investor'.

Given the short term nature of the liabilities of the entity, the carrying value as reflected in the statement of financial position is deemed to be equal to the future cash outflows.

(d) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The carrying value of receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short term nature. Financial assets and liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and then carried at amortised cost, unless otherwise described in note 1.

(e) Capital risk management

The company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide benefits to stakeholders. The company monitors capital on the basis of the net asset levels and cash flows of the company, as reflected on the Statement of financial position and Statement of cash flows.

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2022

Note 4. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Management has continued to evaluate the lingering impacts of COVID-19 on the organizations estimate and judgements. The organization has made estimates and used judgment regarding the collectability of accounts receivable and functional allocation of expenditures.

Note 5. Revenue

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Revenue from continuing operations		
Donations and subscriptions	5,363,060	4,145,945
Bequests	1,614,769	1,478,311
Grants from affiliates	170,855	136,818
	<u>7,148,684</u>	<u>5,761,074</u>
Other income		
Interest and dividends	128,184	121,872
Realized gain from investments	162,458	82,690
Unrealized gain/(loss) from investments and foreign exchange gain	(451,086)	504,250
Other income	-	37,500
	<u>(160,444)</u>	<u>746,312</u>

Note 6. Expenses

Profit before income tax includes the following specific expenses:

Depreciation		
Furniture and equipment	13,656	12,508
Leasehold Improvements	4,358	726
Right-of-use	108,618	38,337
Total depreciation	<u>126,632</u>	<u>51,571</u>
Rental expense relating to operating leases		
Lease payments	-	56,172
Total rental expense relating to operating leases	<u>-</u>	<u>56,172</u>

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2022

Note 6. Expenses (continued)

Expenses can be further illustrated as follows:

	FY2022				FY2021			
Expenditures by Priority Campaigns and Projects								
Landscape Conservation	2,102,954				1,288,827			
Marine Conservation	94,484				41,604			
Wildlife Crime	297,635				787,449			
Wildlife Rescue	2,898,595				2,575,427			
Disaster Response and Risk Reduction	823,584				618,930			
Marine Mammal Rescue and Research	-				40,486			
<i>Total</i>	<u>6,217,251</u>				<u>5,352,723</u>			
Mission Costs by Activity								
Campaigns and projects:	P	F	G	Total	P	F	G	Total
<i>Contracting and granting</i>	2,062,977	-	-	2,062,977	1,253,723	-	-	1,253,723
<i>Direct staffing</i>	464,466	18,289	18,289	501,044	347,873	14,157	14,157	376,187
<i>Support staffing</i>	37,007	201	3,380	40,588	36,109	141	475	36,725
<i>Support costs</i>	984,781	8,360	46,039	1,039,180	749,382	5,845	30,947	786,174
<i>Total</i>	<u>3,549,231</u>	<u>26,850</u>	<u>67,708</u>	<u>3,643,789</u>	<u>2,387,087</u>	<u>20,143</u>	<u>45,579</u>	<u>2,452,809</u>
Multimedia outreach and influence:								
<i>Production and placement</i>	58,491	-	-	58,491	52,740	-	-	52,740
<i>Digital marketing and fundraising</i>	271,377	27,530	2,710	301,617	281,854	25,768	3,957	311,579
<i>Direct staffing</i>	209,432	17,811	1,389	228,632	247,923	7,628	1,171	256,722
<i>Support staffing</i>	7,896	499	758	9,152	13,133	334	172	13,638
<i>Support costs</i>	210,130	20,727	10,318	241,175	272,558	13,788	11,210	297,556
<i>Total</i>	<u>757,326</u>	<u>66,567</u>	<u>15,175</u>	<u>839,067</u>	<u>868,208</u>	<u>47,518</u>	<u>16,510</u>	<u>932,235</u>
Supporter awareness and advocacy:								
<i>Outreach, production and distribution</i>	1,230,481	735,426	256,089	2,221,996	1,293,134	753,539	280,432	2,327,105
<i>Direct staffing</i>	113,181	371,023	-	484,204	99,616	303,875	-	403,491
<i>Support staffing</i>	19,674	12,180	47,329	79,184	31,401	10,563	9,411	51,376
<i>Support costs</i>	547,358	529,635	646,375	1,723,368	673,277	455,049	615,874	1,744,200
<i>Total</i>	<u>1,910,694</u>	<u>1,648,264</u>	<u>949,793</u>	<u>4,508,752</u>	<u>2,097,428</u>	<u>1,523,026</u>	<u>905,717</u>	<u>4,526,172</u>
Total mission costs	<u>6,217,251</u>	<u>1,741,681</u>	<u>1,032,676</u>	<u>8,991,608</u>	<u>5,352,723</u>	<u>1,590,687</u>	<u>967,806</u>	<u>7,911,216</u>

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2022

Note 7. Cash and cash equivalents

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Cash at bank and on hand	<u>4,387,394</u>	<u>3,260,626</u>

The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows as follows:

Balances as above	<u>4,387,394</u>	<u>3,260,626</u>
Balances per statement of cash flows	<u>4,387,394</u>	<u>3,260,626</u>

Cash at bank yielded interest at average rates of 0.10% and 0.12% in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Note 8. Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Prepayments	55,651	24,680
Accrued bequest	41,000	10,000
Other amounts receivable	201,057	159,448
Due from affiliates	32	1,644
	<u>297,740</u>	<u>195,772</u>

(a) Other amounts receivable

Included in this amount is contributions receivable, accrued interest income, due from affiliate and GST claims receivable.

(b) Interest rate risk

Receivables owing to the company are non-interest bearing.

(c) Fair value and credit risk

Due to the short-term nature of these receivables, their carrying amount is assumed to approximate their fair value.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of each class of receivables mentioned above. Refer to note 3 for information on the risk management policy of the company and the credit quality of the company's receivables.

Note 9. Pledge receivable, net

Unconditional promises to give at June 30 are expected to be collected as follows and consist of one donor

	<u>2022</u>
In one year or less	\$ 20,000
Between one year and five years	<u>20,000</u>
	40,000
Less: Discount to present value	<u>(531)</u>
Contributions receivable, net	<u>\$ 39,469</u>

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2022

Note 10. Investments

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	2022 \$	2021 \$
Investments - Fixed income	1,012,231	2,975,198
Investments - Equities	1,973,372	2,735,487
Alternative investments	199,827	-
	<u>3,185,430</u>	<u>5,710,685</u>

The remaining Fixed income investments represent interests in money market and bond funds. Alternative investments represent interests in publically traded property trusts.

Note 11. Fair value disclosures

The company measures and recognises the following assets at fair value on a recurring basis after initial recognition:

- financial assets at fair value through profit or loss;
- available-for-sale financial assets

The company does not subsequently measure any liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis, or any assets or liabilities at fair value on a non-recurring basis.

Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13: *Fair Value Measurement* requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurements into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1 - Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 - Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximize, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

Valuation techniques

The company selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the company are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

- *Market approach*: valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.
- *Income approach*: valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.
- *Cost approach*: valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of an asset at its current service capacity.

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2022

Note 11. Fair value disclosures (continued)

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the organisation gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

The following table provides the fair values of the organisation's assets and liabilities measured and recognised on a recurring basis after initial recognition and their categorisation within the fair value hierarchy:

30 June 2022		Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
	Total			
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,387,394	\$ 4,387,394	\$ -	\$ -
Fixed income investments	1,012,231	1,012,231	-	-
Equity investments	1,973,372	1,973,372	-	-
Alternative investments	199,827	199,827	-	-
Total assets recorded at fair value	\$ 7,572,824	\$ 7,572,824	\$ -	\$ -

Note 12. Investment in affiliate

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Investment in affiliate - at cost	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
	2	2

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of a 1/6th share of IFAW Internationaler Tierschutz-Fonds gGmbH (IFAW DE), an affiliated company located in Hamburg, Germany for \$2. The company does not exercise operational or managerial control over IFAW DE. The company is not entitled to a share of profits or share of net assets in the event of a dissolution of the affiliate, therefore the investment will be held at \$2, since the fair value of the investment is in line with cost.

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2022

Note 13. Property, plant and equipment and Right-of-use asset

	Furniture & equipment \$	Leasehold Improvements \$	Right-of-use asset \$	Total \$
Year ended 30 June 2021				
Opening net book value	44,390	-	15,312	59,702
Additions	22,706	25,422	633,100	681,228
Dispositions	(2,255)	-	-	(2,255)
Depreciation/amortisation expense (note 6)	(12,508)	(726)	(38,337)	(51,571)
Closing net book value	<u>52,333</u>	<u>24,696</u>	<u>610,075</u>	<u>687,104</u>
At 30 June 2021				
Cost	102,519	25,422	648,607	776,548
Accumulated depreciation	(50,186)	(726)	(38,532)	(89,444)
Net book value	<u>52,333</u>	<u>24,696</u>	<u>610,075</u>	<u>687,104</u>
Year ended 30 June 2022				
Opening net book value	52,333	24,696	610,075	687,104
Additions	-	-	-	-
Dispositions	-	-	-	-
Depreciation/amortisation expense (note 6)	(13,656)	(4,358)	(108,618)	(126,632)
Closing net book value	<u>38,677</u>	<u>20,338</u>	<u>501,457</u>	<u>560,472</u>
At 30 June 2022				
Cost	89,378	25,422	648,607	763,407
Accumulated depreciation	(50,701)	(5,084)	(147,150)	(202,935)
Net book value	<u>38,677</u>	<u>20,338</u>	<u>501,457</u>	<u>560,472</u>

Note 14. Trade and other payables

Amounts not expected to be settled within the next 12 months

The current provision for employee benefits includes all unconditional entitlements where employees have completed the required period of service and also those where employees are entitled to pro-rata payments in certain circumstances. The entire amount is presented as current, since the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement. However, based on past experience, the company does not expect all employees to take the full amount of accrued leave or require payment within the next 12 months.

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Trade creditors	211,451	352,198
Accrued expenses	82,468	101,338
Payables to affiliates	1,085,010	242,588
	<u>1,378,929</u>	<u>696,124</u>

The following amounts reflect leave that is not expected to be taken within the next 12 months:

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Employee benefits provisions expected to be settled after 12 months	<u>67,819</u>	<u>52,000</u>

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2022

Note 15. Lease liability

The company recorded a second Right-of-use asset at the end of fiscal 2022 for an Office lease ending fiscal 2027. During the year ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 the company made payments of approximately \$112,000 and \$35,000 dollars and incurred approximately \$18,400 and \$5,400 dollars in interest expense, respectively.

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Within one year	121,573	117,644
Later than one year, but not later than five years	476,046	597,619
	<u>597,619</u>	<u>715,263</u>
Less finance charges	41,497	59,908
Total lease liability	<u>556,122</u>	<u>655,355</u>
Current lease liability	106,261	99,609
Non-current lease liability	449,861	555,747

Note 15. Contributed equity

	2022		2021	
	Shares	\$	Shares	\$
(a) Share capital				
Ordinary shares authorised and fully paid	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>
(b) Movements in share capital:				
Date	Details	Number of Shares	Issue Price	\$
1 July 2020	Opening balance	<u>6</u>	\$ 1	<u>6</u>
30 June 2021	Closing balance	<u>6</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>6</u>
1 July 2021	Opening balance	<u>6</u>	\$ 1	<u>6</u>
30 June 2022	Closing balance	<u>6</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>6</u>

(c) Ordinary shares are recorded at par value, and entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. As a not-for-profit organization, IFAW AU has no intentions of declaring or paying dividends.

(d) On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2022

Note 17. Remuneration of auditors

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Remuneration for audit of the financial report of the company:		
Auditor of the company – RSM Australia Partner	18,210	14,563
Related practices of the auditor of the company (including overseas firms)	-	-
	<u>18,210</u>	<u>14,563</u>

Note 18. Related parties

Directors and key management

The following persons were directors of the company at any time during the financial year 2022: J. Doria, M. Beaudouin, B. Birdsey, C. Lilly, V. Pollak, J. Wakhungu, and J. Albrecht. In addition, the following individuals served as key management of the company during the year: A. Downes, CEO and T. Maul, CFO.

Directors' remuneration

During the year ended June 30, 2022 the company provided no remuneration to any Directors in connection with the management of affairs of the company.

Affiliates

The company is affiliated with:

- International Fund for Animal Welfare, Inc., a non-profit organization headquartered in the United States
- International Fund for Animal Welfare IFAW in Action and International Fund for Animal Welfare (IFAW), companies limited by guarantee, and IFAW Commerce Limited, a company limited by shares - headquartered in England
- International Fund for Animal Welfare Inc./Fonds international pour la protection des animaux inc., a non-profit corporation headquartered in Canada
- Stichting IFAW (International Fund for Animal Welfare), a Dutch foundation headquartered in the Netherlands
- IFAW Internationaler Tierschutz-Fonds gGmbH, a limited non-profit company organized under the laws of Germany
- Fonds international pour la protection des animaux (IFAW France), a non-profit association headquartered in France
- International Fund for Animal Welfare NPC, a non-profit organization headquartered in the Republic of South Africa
- International Fund for Animal Welfare (IFAW) Limited, a Company limited by guarantee headquartered in Malawi
- International Fund for Animal Welfare Limited, a Company limited by guarantee headquartered in Zambia
- International Fund for Animal Welfare (Belgium)
- International Fund for Animal Welfare (Zimbabwe) Trust

The company engages in transactions with its affiliates in the ordinary course of business. Terms of such transactions are similar to those with unrelated parties.

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2022

Note 18. Related parties – continued

Aggregate amounts included in the determination of (loss) from ordinary activities before related income tax that resulted from transactions with each class of other related parties:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Grants from affiliates	170,855	136,818
Grants to affiliates	827,283	142,003

Aggregate amounts brought to account in relation to transactions with each class of other related parties:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Amounts repaid by/(paid to) affiliates	<u>840,810</u>	<u>(2,976,366)</u>
	<u>840,810</u>	<u>(2,976,366)</u>

Aggregate amounts receivable from, and payable to, each class of other related parties at balance date:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Receivable from affiliates	32	1,644
Payables to affiliates	<u>1,085,010</u>	<u>242,588</u>

In addition to the above, International Fund for Animal Welfare, Inc., a U.S. affiliate, provides the company with certain program, fundraising, accounting, information technology and management support and services. These services are provided to the company at cost. Cost is determined based upon the company's relative share of IFAW's worldwide revenue and expense, less grants to and from affiliates. The amounts charged for these services during the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021 were \$2,587,204 and \$2,191,309, respectively.

Note 19. Contingencies

At 30 June 2022, the company had no contingent liabilities (2021: nil).

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2022

Note 20. Reconciliation of loss from ordinary activities after income tax to net cash flow from operating activities

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Surplus (defecit) from ordinary activities after income tax	(2,003,368)	(1,403,830)
Depreciation and amortisation	126,632	51,571
Recognition of Right-of-use asset	-	(633,100)
Recognition of Lease liability	-	677,292
Realised gain on exchange of fixed asset	-	-
Realised loss on in-kind donation of fixed asset	-	2,255
Realised and unrealised (gains) loss from investments	274,619	(586,940)
Realised (loss) gain from exchange	14,009	(199,470)
Change in operating assets and liabilities		
Increase/(decrease) in receivables and prepayments	(101,968)	3,220,787
Increase in pledge receivables	(39,469)	-
Increase in trade and other creditors	(123,502)	90,045
Net cash inflow from operating activities	<u>(1,853,047)</u>	<u>1,218,610</u>

Note 21. Statement of revenue and expense

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Support and Revenue Support		
Contributions	6,977,829	5,624,256
Grants from affiliates	<u>170,855</u>	<u>136,818</u>
	7,148,684	5,761,074
Revenue		
Interest	128,184	121,872
Other income	<u>(288,628)</u>	<u>624,440</u>
	<u>(160,444)</u>	<u>746,312</u>
Total support and revenue	<u>6,988,240</u>	<u>6,507,386</u>
Expenses		
Program services		
Educational campaigning, fieldwork and operations	6,217,251	5,352,723
Supporting services		
Fundraising	1,741,681	1,590,687
General and administration	<u>1,032,676</u>	<u>967,806</u>
	<u>2,774,357</u>	<u>2,558,493</u>
Total expenses	<u>8,991,608</u>	<u>7,911,216</u>
Net operating surplus (defecit)	<u>(2,003,368)</u>	<u>(1,403,830)</u>
Net operating surplus (defecit) from contributions	(2,003,368)	(1,403,830)

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2022

Note 22. Ratios of income and expenditure

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Total costs of fundraising	1,741,681	1,590,687
Gross income from fundraising	7,148,684	5,761,074
Total costs of fundraising / gross income from fundraising	24%	28%
Net surplus from fundraising	5,407,003	4,170,387
Gross income from fundraising	7,148,684	5,761,074
Net surplus from fundraising/gross income from fundraising	76%	72%
Total cost of services	6,217,251	5,352,723
Total expenditure	8,991,608	7,911,216
Total cost of services/total expenditure	69%	68%
Total cost of services	6,217,251	5,352,723
Total income	6,988,240	6,507,386
Total cost of services/total income	89%	82%

Note 23. Statement of applied charitable funds

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Public fund income – Donations	5,295,418	4,145,945
Public fund income – Interest and dividend	123,216	116,286
Public fund income - Realized gain on investments	162,458	82,690
Public fund income - Unrealized gain(loss) on investments	(465,095)	504,250
Gain on exchange	14,009	-
Non-public fund income – Bequests	1,614,769	1,478,311
Non-public fund income – Affiliated grants	170,855	136,818
Non-public fund income – Interest and dividend	4,968	5,586
Non-public fund income – Other Income	67,642	37,500
	<u>6,988,240</u>	<u>6,507,386</u>

This has been applied for charitable purposes in the following manner:

Public fund qualifying campaigns

Landscape Conservation	2,102,954	1,288,827
Marine Conservation	94,484	41,604
Wildlife Crime	297,635	787,449
Wildlife Rescue	2,898,595	2,575,427
Disaster Response and Risk	823,584	618,930
Marine Mammal Rescue and Research	-	40,486
	<u>6,217,251</u>	<u>5,352,723</u>

Administrative expenses

	<u>2,774,357</u>	<u>2,558,493</u>
	<u>8,991,608</u>	<u>7,911,216</u>

Operating (deficit) surplus transferred to accumulated funds for future requirements

	<u>(2,003,368)</u>	<u>(1,403,830)</u>
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International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2022

Note 24. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2022 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years, or that would require to be disclosed or recognised in the financial statements

International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd


Directors' declaration

30 June 2022

In the directors' opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 11 to 29 are in accordance with the *Australian Charities and Not for profits Commission Act of 2012* and the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, *Corporations Regulations 2001*, and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance, as represented by the results of operations and its cash flows, for the financial year ended on that date; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- (c) the financial statements give a true and fair view of all income and expenditure of the company with respect to fundraising appeals;
- (d) the balance sheet gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs with respect to fundraising appeals conducted by the company;
- (e) the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in note 1 to the financial statements;
- (f) provisions of the NSW Charitable Fundraising Act 1991, the regulations under that Act and the conditions attached to the Authority to Fundraise for Charitable Purposes have been complied with by the company;
- (g) internal controls exercised by the company are appropriate and effective in accounting for all income received and applied by the company from any of its fundraising appeals; and
- (h) the company has complied with section 30-265 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997, in the expenditure of public fund monies and the management of public fund assets.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 15 February 2023.

DocuSigned by:

58B4235CCE70424...
Mark L. Beaudouin,
Chairperson and Audit and Risk Oversight Committee
Chairperson

15 February 2023

Date

Washington, DC

Location

DocuSigned by:

24D3F8A2C850444...
John Albrecht,
Director

15 February 2023

Date

Melbourne Australia

Location

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the declaration by those charged with governance.

In our opinion, the financial report of International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd has been prepared in accordance with Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the registered entity's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year ended on that date;
- (b) the accounting and associated records have been properly kept during the year in accordance with the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991 and the Regulations;
- (c) money received as a result of fundraising appeals conducted during the year have been properly accounted for and applied in accordance with the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991 and the Regulations; and
- (d) complying with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements and Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Those charged with governance are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in International Fund for Animal Welfare (Australia) Pty Ltd's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2022, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Report

The directors of the registered entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements and the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* (ACNC Act) and for such internal control as the Responsible Entity determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.



RSM Australia Partners



C J Hume

Partner

Sydney, NSW

Dated: 21 February 2023